

## Problem 1

Set up the integrals (you don't need to compute/solve them, unless you want some practice...) that give the volume found by rotating the bounded region  $y = x^2 + 1$  and  $y = 2$  about the lines  $y = 0$ ,  $y = 3$  and  $y = -2$ .

## Problem 2

Verify that the volume of a sphere with radius  $r$  is  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  by rotating the appropriate curve about the  $x$ -axis.